

Zuranolone for Postpartum Depression

Marissa Beal, DO

Assistant Professor

Department Of Psychiatry and Behavioral Health



Disclosures

- No conflicts of interest



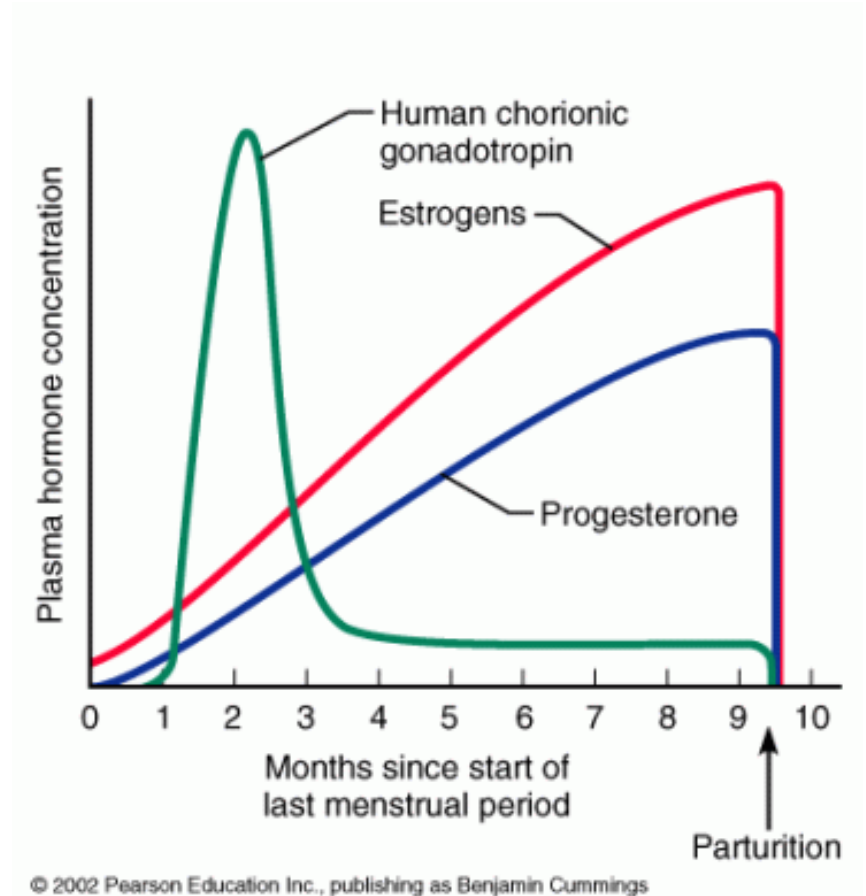
Zuranolone

- Synthetic neurosteroid
- Allopregnanolone analogue
- Orally bioavailable form of brexanolone (60hr IV infusion)
- FDA indication: postpartum depression
- DEA Schedule IV



Pathophysiology

- Allopregnanolone
 - Neuroactive steroid metabolite of progesterone
 - Positive allosteric modulator of GABA-A receptor
 - May increase GABAergic function
- Role of GABA
 - Inhibitory signaling pathway of the CNS
 - Hypofunction has been associated with PPD
 - Down regulation of receptors during pregnancy



Key studies: Methods

- Deligiannidis et al., 2021; 2023
- Double-blind, randomized, placebo-controlled trial
- Inclusion:
 - Adult female patients
 - 6 months or less postpartum (2021) or 12 months or less (2023)
 - Dx of MDD without psychosis which started no earlier than third trimester and no later than 4 weeks after delivery
 - Agree to use contraception
- Exclusion:
 - Breastfeeding or must agree to cease giving milk to infant
 - Psychosis, bipolar disorder, schizophrenia, schizoaffective disorder, substance use disorder



Key studies: Methods

- Placebo vs zuranolone 30mg or 50mg each evening with food for 14 days
- Primary end point
 - HAM-D change from baseline at day 15
- Secondary end point
 - HAM-D at days 3, 8, 21, and 45
 - Remission (score ≤ 7) and reduction ($\geq 50\%$ reduction in score from BL)
 - HAM-A

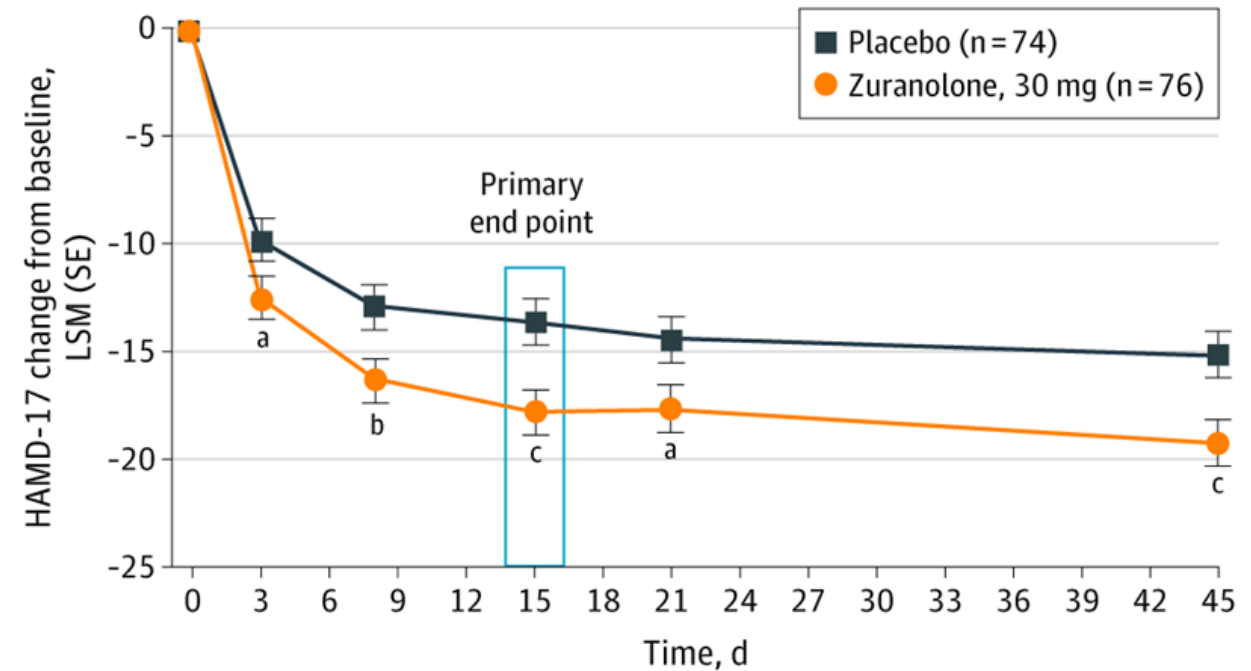
(Deligiannidis et al., 2021; 2023)



Key Studies 2021: Results

a P = .03
b P = .01
c P = .003

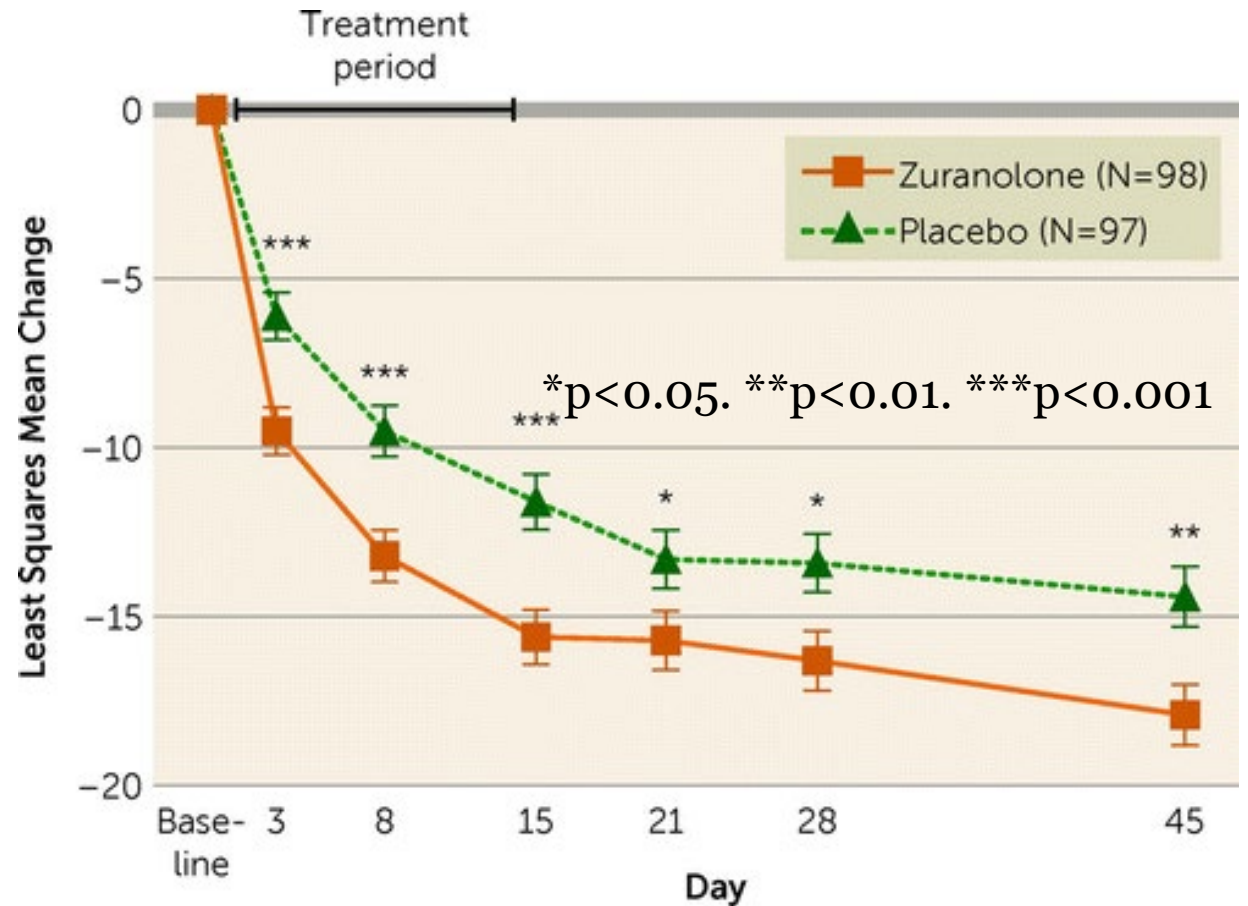
- Reduction from baseline in total HAM-D scores compared to placebo at day 15
- Also significant as soon as day 3 and lasting until day 45



(Deligiannidis et al., 2021)

Key Studies 2023: Results

- Reduction in HAM-D scores at day 3
- Difference from placebo continued to increase up to day 15 and remained significant up to day 45



(Deligiannidis et al., 2023)



Key Studies: Side effects

- Well tolerated
 - Somnolence
 - Sedation
 - Headache
 - Dizziness
 - URI
 - Diarrhea
 - Nausea

(Deligiannidis et al., 2021; 2023)



Limitations

- Mostly patients in the US
- Only severe PPD
- Bipolar disorder/psychosis/substance use was excluded
- High placebo response
- Unknown response after 45 days
- Unknown effect on lactation

(Deligiannidis et al., 2021; 2023)



Lactation

- Brexanolone:
 - 12 healthy volunteers – estimated RID of 1.342
- Zuranolone
 - 14 women with daily oral administration of zuranolone 30mg for 5 days
 - At steady state (day 5), RID was 0.357%

(Wald et al., 2022)



Pharmacokinetics

- Half life of 19-24 hours
- Steady state is 3-5 days
- T_{max}: 5-6 hours
- Substrate of CYP3A4, primarily hepatically metabolized with no active metabolites
- Administer with fat containing food from 400-1,000 calories, 25% - 50%
- Lower dose to 30mg if Child-Pugh Class C or moderate or severe renal impairment



Pharmacology

- Capsules: 20, 25, 30mg
 - Blister pack for 25mg capsules
- Administered for 14 days
- Interactions
 - Other CNS depressants
 - CYP3A4 inhibitors – may increase risk of SE, reduce dose
 - CYP3A4 inducers – may decrease efficacy
- Dose dependent sedation
 - Black box warning: CNS depressant effect – “do not drive or engage in other hazardous activities 12 hours after administration for the duration of the 14 day course”



Discussion

- New oral option for patients with onset of depressive symptoms in third trimester and <4 weeks postpartum
- Rapid acting with antidepressant effect starting within 3 days and sustained effect at day 45
- Limited information about effect after day 45
- Side effects include sedation, dizziness, headache
- Limited data regarding breastfeeding
- Unclear regarding abuse potential



References

- Deligiannidis KM, Meltzer-Brody S, Gunduz-Bruce H, et al. Effect of Zuranolone vs Placebo in Postpartum Depression: A Randomized Clinical Trial. *JAMA Psychiatry*. 2021;78(9):951–959. doi:10.1001/jamapsychiatry.2021.1559
- Deligiannidis, K. M., Meltzer-Brody, S., Maximos, B., Peeper, E. Q., Freeman, M., Lasser, R., ... & Doherty, J. (2023). Zuranolone for the Treatment of Postpartum Depression. *American Journal of Psychiatry*, appi-ajp.
- Meshkat, S., Teopiz, K. M., Di Vincenzo, J. D., Bailey, J. B., Rosenblat, J. D., Ho, R. C., ... & McIntyre, R. S. (2023). Clinical efficacy and safety of Zuranolone (SAGE-217) in individuals with major depressive disorder. *Journal of Affective Disorders*.
- Wald, J., Henningsson, A., Hanze, E., Hoffmann, E., Li, H., Colquhoun, H., & Deligiannidis, K. M. (2022). Allopregnanolone concentrations in breast milk and plasma from healthy volunteers receiving brexanolone injection, with population pharmacokinetic modeling of potential relative infant dose. *Clinical Pharmacokinetics*, 61(9), 1307-1319.
- *Zurzuvae (zuranolone) [prescribing information]*. Cambridge, MA: Biogen Inc; August 2023.

